

First Semester

Paper No: HSH. 402 (Hard Core)

COLONIALISM AND NATIONALISM IN EAST ASIA SINCE 1800 AD

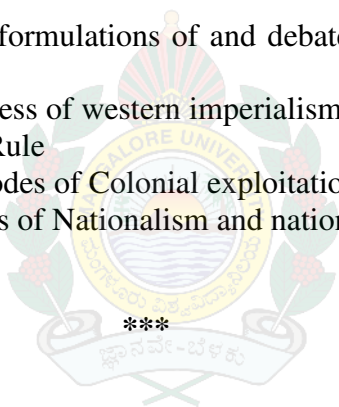
Learning objectives:

1. To know the theoretical formulations of Colonialism and Imperialism
2. To know the process of the establishment of Colonialism in East Asia
3. To know the origin of Nationalism and its Theoretical understanding
4. To know the various dimensions and dynamics of Nationalist Movements in east Asia

Learning outcomes:

After completing the paper, students will come to know the following:

1. Understand the theoretical formulations of and debates on the problems of Colonialism and Imperialism
2. Get enlightened on the process of western imperialism, its penetration in to East Asia and Establishment of Colonial Rule
3. Understand the different modes of Colonial exploitation and extraction
4. Become aware of the origins of Nationalism and nationalist movements in east Asia



1. Colonialism and Imperialism : An Historiographical Revision – Hobson and Lenin on Economic Imperialism, Shempeter on Imperialism and Social classes, Baran and Economic Backwardness and A.G. Frank on Theory of Under development – Wallerstein on Modern World System
2. The Establishment of Colonial Regimes 1800-1914: The World economic System in Asia before European hegemony – the Dutch realm in the Indonesian Archipelago and the capitalist culture system – Britain in Malasia and Protectorate system and France in Vietnam – capitalist penetration and scramble for concessions in China – European entry into Japan and Aristocratic Revolution.
3. Nationalism in East Asia: Factors behind the genesis of Nationalism; nationalism and the narrative of identity – nation, nationality and nationalism – nation as imagined community – forms of nationalism – theories of nationalism – French, Marxist, Gandhian.
4. Challenge and Response: Contradictions in colonialism: economy, society and state – regional rebellions and reforms – the colonial policy and national movements in China, Malaya, Indonesia and Indo-China – Meiji reform and rise of militarism.

Reading List:

- J.A. Hobson, Imperialism A Study, London, 1902.
V.I. Lenin, Imperialism a highest stage of capitalism, Moscow, 1916.
Joseph A Shempeter, Imperialism and Social Classes, London, 1919.
Paul Baran, Political Economic Growth, London, 1957.
A.G. Frank, World Accumulation, New York, 1969.
Immanuel Wallerstein, the Modern World System; capitalist agriculture and European expansion, London, 1974.
Benedict Anderson, Imagined Community, New York, 1989.
Ernest Gellner, Nations and Nationalism, London, 1989.
Panniker K.M, Asia and Western Dominance.
Donald F Lach, Asia in the Making of Europe. Volume I an III.
Hall D.G.E, A history of South East Asia.
Bullard D, The Struggle for Asia.
Fielhouse D.K, The Colonial Empires.
_____, Economics and Empire.
Jeffrey Robin, Asia: the winning of Independence.
Edgar Snow, The Red Star over China.
Anthony D. Smith, Theories of Nationalism.
Bendict Anderson, Imagined Community
Hayes C.J.H, Essays on Nationalism.
Bernard Porter, Lions Share.
Ramakrishna Mukherji, The rise and fall of East India Company
Hugh Seton Watson, Nations and States- an enquiry into the rights of Nations and politics of Nationalism.
Nathaniel Fiefer, The Far East.
Peter Lowe, Britain in the Far East.
Edwin E Moise, Modern China.
Immanuel C.Y.Htsu, The History modern China.
Livingston (Ed), Imperial Japan
_____, Post War Japan.
Ardath W.Burks, Japan-Profile of a PostIndustrial Power.
Edwin O Reischaeur, Japan – Story of a Nation.
Kenneth P Pyle, The Making of Modern Japan.
Richard Story, Japan and the Decline of West in Asia 1894- 1943.
Tate DJM, the making of Modern South East Asia. 2 volumes.
Ryan N.J, A history of Malaysia and Singapore.
Sardesai, South East Asia – Past and Present.
Recklips, A short History of modern Indonesia.
Khoo Khey Kim, History of South-South East and East Asia.
Herald M Vinanke, The short History of South East Asia.
